2022 Water Quality Report for CITY OF CRYSTAL FALLS

This report covers the drinking water quality for the City of Crystal Falls, for the calendar year 2022. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards.

In 2007 we transitioned, for water quality purposes, to purchasing water from Crystal Falls Township. An additional well, with our help, was drilled at their Lind site for added capacity.

We no longer need to treat the water for iron removal. Our well #1 has been properly abandoned.

For more information, contact the clerk's office at 401 Superior Avenue, Crystal Falls, MI 49920. Call 906-875-3212.

- Contaminants and their presence in water: Drinking Water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).
- Vulnerability of sub-populations: Some people • may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).
- Sources of drinking water: The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. Our water comes from wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

- Contaminants that may be present in source water include:
 - T **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
 - T **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
 - T **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.
 - T **Radioactive contaminants**, which are naturally occurring or could be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
 - T **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

STATEMENT ABOUT LEAD: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from lead service lines, corrosion of household plumbing including fittings and fixtures; erosion of natural deposits. The City of Crystal Falls is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. The City of Crystal Falls has a total of 893 water service lines 22 contain portions of lead 871 contain neither lead nor galvanized previously connected to lead. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which provide the same protection for public health.

Water Quality Data – Purchased Ground Water

The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the 2022 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 – December 31, 2022. The State allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. All of the data is representative of the water quality, but some are more than one year old.

Terms and abbreviations used below:

- <u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- <u>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)</u>: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- <u>N/A</u>: Not applicable <u>ND</u>: not detectable at testing limit <u>ppb</u>: parts per billion or micrograms per liter <u>ppm</u>: parts per million or milligrams per liter <u>pCi/l</u>: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity).
- <u>Action Level</u>: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Regulated Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Level Detected	Sampled	Violation Yes / No	Typical Source of Contaminant	
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	ND	2015	No	Erosion of natural deposits	
Unregulated Contaminant*							
Sodium (ppm)			ND	2015	No	Erosion of natural deposits.	
Contaminant	Action Level		90% of	Samplad		Range of All Samples	
Subject to AL			Samples Samples	Sampled		Lowest / Highest	
Lead (ppb)	1	5	1.0	9/20	No	0.1ppb 1.3ppb	
Copper (ppm)	1	.3	0.4	9/20	No	0ppm 0.5ppm	

Mircobial Contaminants	MCL		Number of Detections	Violation	Source
Total Coliform Bacteria	1 positive monthly sample (Positive in \geq 5% of samples)		0	No	Naturally present in the environment.
Special Sampling	MCL	MCLG	Level Detected	Sample Date	Typical Source of Contaminant
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	60	n/a	<1.5	2022	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	80	n/a	5.81	2022	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses).

For a copy of this report, contact the clerk's office at 401 Superior Avenue, Crystal Falls, MI 49920. Call 906-875-3212.

For more information about safe drinking water, visit the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency at www.epa.gov/safewater/.

The U.S. EPA expects water supplies to deliver the CCR to all bill-paying customers using ANY combination of the following direct delivery methods:

- Mail a paper copy of the CCR.
- Mail a notification of CCR availability.
 Supplies could include a statement on the water bill or bill insert or in a separate mailing such as a postcard or a community newsletter. The CCR must be on the Internet when the notification of CCR availability is sent out.
- Email a notification of CCR availability. Supplies could include a statement in the text of the email that transmits the water bill or in a separate email message.

Subject:WaterQualityReportAvailableMessage: The water quality report describing the source and quality of your drinking water is available
at www.anytown.gov/utilities/WaterQualityReport. To receive a paper copy in the mail, contact us
at Utilities@anytown.gov/utilities or 555-123-4567.Available

Template Michigan.gov/CommunityWater